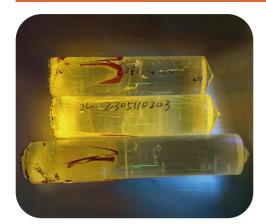


# **CsI(Tl)** Crystal



Cesium iodide crystals can be divided into three types based on the dopant, CsI(Tl), CsI(Na) and pure CsI, all of them are colorless transparent cubic crystals. CsI crystals have excellent scintillation properties, meaning they can efficiently convert incident radiation into visible light. This property makes CsI crystals widely used in scintillation detectors for measuring ionizing radiation such as gamma rays and X-rays.

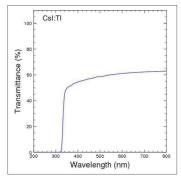
General parameters	CsI(Tl)	Unit
Density	4.53	g/cm <sup>3</sup>
Melting Point	894	К
Wavelength of Emission Peak	550	nm
Light Output	56,000	ph/MeV
Decay Constant	1,020	ns
Cleavage	no	/
Hygroscopic	slightly	/
Refractive Index	1.79	/
Hardness	2	mohs

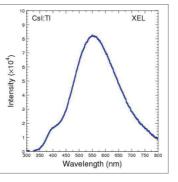
### **Basic Information**

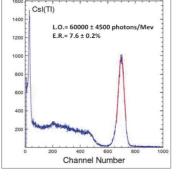
Growth technique	Bridgman
Dimension(max)	Diameter 120 mm×400 mm
Achieved items	Single crystal and array

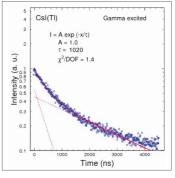
#### Characterization

Dimension of Csl(Tl): 28×28×28 mm; PMT: R1306; Reflector: Teflon(0.80 mm); Radiation source: Cs<sup>137</sup>; HV: 650V; Absolute value of light output: 56,000 photons/MeV; Energy resolution: 7.6%; Decay time: 1,020 ns









Transmittance curve

X-Ray excited Luminescence curve

Light output curve & Energy resolution curve

Scintillation decay curve by gamma ray



## CsI(Na) Crystal



Sodium doped cesium iodide, Csl(Na), has a relativelyhigh output, around 85% of Nal(Tl), its emission peak is at 420 nm and is well matched to the photomultiplier (PMT) which make it well suited for well logging, space researchor other applications where severe shock conditions are encountered.

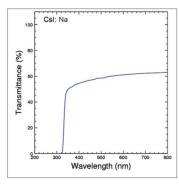
General parameters	CsI(Na)	Unit
Density	4.51	g/cm <sup>3</sup>
Melting Point	894	K
Wavelength of Emission Peak	420	nm
Light Output	40,000	ph/MeV
Decay Constant	630	ns
Cleavage	no	/
Hygroscopic	yes	/
Refractive Index	1.84	/
Hardness	2	mohs

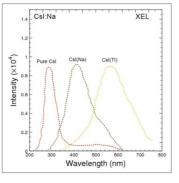
### **Basic Information**

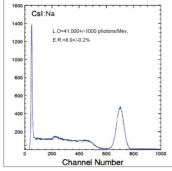
Growth technique	 Bridgman
Dimension(max)	 Diameter 120 mm×300 mm
Achieved items	 Bare crystal and encapsulated

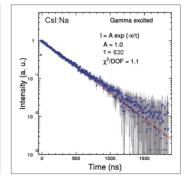
#### Characterization

Dimension of Csl(Na): 38×45×45 mm; PMT: R6233; Reflector: Teflon(0.80 mm); Radiation source: Cs<sup>137</sup>; HV: 650V; Absolute value of light output: 40,000 photons/MeV; Energy resolution: 8.9%; Decat time: 630 ns









Transmittance curve

X-Ray excited Luminescence curve

Light output curve & Energy resolution curve

Scintillation decay curve by gamma ray excited





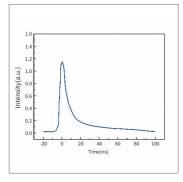
The decay time corresponding to the fast component of pure cesium iodide(CsI) is 16 ns, and the emission peak is at 315 nm. It can be used in fast time required, such as the electromagnetic calorimeter in the electron-positron collider. In addition, it has strong radiation resistance.

General parameters	Pure CsI	Unit
Density	4.51	g/cm <sup>3</sup>
Melting Point	894	К
Wavelength of Emission Peak	315	nm
Light Output	3,500	ph/MeV
Decay Constant	16	ns
Cleavage	no	/
Hygroscopic	slightly	/
Refractive Index	1.95	/
Hardness	2	mohs

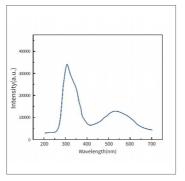
## **Basic Information**

Growth technique	 Bridgman
Dimension(max)	 Diameter 120 mm×300 mm
Achieved items	 Bare crystal and encapsulated

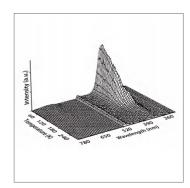
### Characterization



Decay time curve



X ray radioluminescence spectra



Csl scintillator crystal A-41 X-Ray 30KV 5mACooling RL